Attorney Docket 2003 UR020

## RECEIVED Ons.: 10 Advisory Action dtd 12/21 200" CENTRAL FAX CENTER

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## LISTING OF ALLOWED CLAIMS

Claims 10-13 are hereby canceled. A complete current listing of the claims follows.

- 1. (Original) A method of operating a plurality N of seismic vibrators simultaneously with continuous sweeps, and separating the seismic response for each vibrator, said method comprising the steps of:
- (a) loading each vibrator with a unique continuous sweep signal consisting of  $M \ge N$  segments, the i<sup>th</sup> segment being of the same duration for each vibrator, i = 1, 2, ..., M;
- (b) activating all vibrators and using at least one detector to detect and record the combined seismic response signals from all vibrators;
- (c) selecting and recording a signature for each vibrator indicative of the motion of that vibrator;
- (d) parsing the vibrator motion record for each vibrator into M shorter records, each shorter record coinciding in time with a sweep segment, and then padding the end of each shorter record sufficiently to extend its duration by substantially one listening time;
- (e) forming an  $M \times N$  matrix s whose element  $s_{ij}(t)$  is the padded shorter vibrator motion record as a function of time t for the i<sup>th</sup> vibrator and j<sup>th</sup> sweep segment;
- (f) parsing the seismic data record from step (b) into M shorter records, each shorter record coinciding in time with a padded shorter record of vibrator motion from step (d);
- (g) forming a vector  $\vec{d}$  of length M whose element  $d_i$  is the  $i^{th}$  shorter data record from the preceding step;
- (h) solving for  $E_j(f)$  the following system of M linear equations in N unknowns

 $S\vec{E} = \vec{D}$ 

- where  $S_{ij}(f)$  is the Fourier transform to the frequency (f) domain of  $S_{ij}(t)$  and  $D_i(f)$  is the Fourier transform of  $d_i(t)$ , where i = 1, 2, ..., M and j = 1, 2, ..., N; and
  - (i) inverse Fourier transforming the  $E_j(f)$  to yield  $e_j(t)$ .
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each sweep segment is selected from one of the following sweep-design categories: (a) linear, (b) nonlinear, and (c) pseudo-random.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein all of the N unique continuous sweeps are identical except for the phase of their segments.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein all N segments are identical except for phase, and the phase differences for the N sweeps are determined by the following steps: (a) constructing a reference sweep by starting with a preselected reference segment, then advancing the segment 360/M degrees in phase to make the second segment, then advancing the phase 360/M more degrees to make the third segment, and so on to generate a sweep of M segments; (b) constructing a first sweep by advancing the phase of the first segment of the reference sweep by 90 degrees; (c) constructing a second sweep by advancing the phase of the second segment of the reference sweep by 90 degrees; (d) and so on until N sweeps are constructed.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each unique continuous sweep has a duration in time sufficiently long to collect all seismic data desired before relocating the vibrators.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the vibrator signature record for each vibrator is a weighted sum or ground force record of the motion of that vibrator.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein M = N and the system of linear equations  $S\vec{E} = \vec{D}$  is solved by matrix methods comprising the steps of deriving a separation and inversion filter  $(S)^{-1}$  by inverting the matrix S, then performing the matrix multiplication  $(S)^{-1}\vec{D}$ .

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- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the system of linear equations  $S\vec{E} = \vec{D}$  is solved by matrix methods and the method of least squares comprising the steps of deriving a separation and inversion filter of the form  $\mathbf{F} = (\mathbf{S}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{S})^{-1}\mathbf{S}^{\mathsf{T}}$ , then performing the matrix multiplication  $\mathbf{F}\vec{D}$ .
- 9. ' (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each segment has a duration that is at least as long as the seismic wave travel time down to and back up from the deepest reflector of interest.

10 - 13. (Cancelled)

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## **CONCLUSION**

The applicants respectfully request a Notice of Allowance for the pending claims, which are claims 1-9.

Respectfully submitted,

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